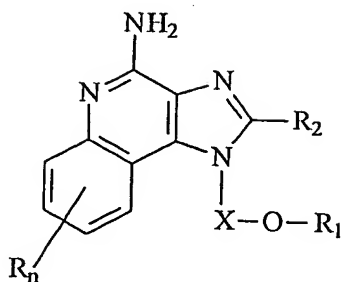


WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A compound of the formula (I):



(I)

wherein: X is $-CHR_3-$, $-CHR_3$ -alkyl-, or $-CHR_3$ -alkenyl-;

R_1 is selected from the group consisting of:

-alkenyl;

-aryl; and

$-R_4$ -aryl;

R_2 is selected from the group consisting of:

-hydrogen;

-alkyl;

-alkenyl;

-aryl;

-heteroaryl;

-heterocyclyl;

-alkyl-Y-alkyl;

-alkyl-Y-alkenyl;

-alkyl-Y-aryl; and

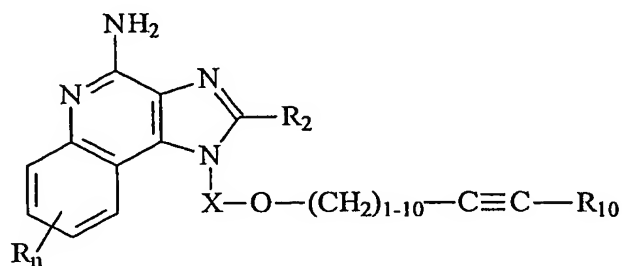
-alkyl or alkenyl substituted by one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of:

-OH;

-halogen;

- 5 -N(R₃)₂;
 -CO-N(R₃)₂;
 -CO-C₁₋₁₀ alkyl;
 -CO-O-C₁₋₁₀ alkyl;
 -N₃;
 -aryl;
 -heteroaryl;
 -heterocyclyl;
 -CO-aryl; and
 10 -CO-heteroaryl;
- R₄ is alkyl or alkenyl, which may be interrupted by one or more
 -O- groups;
 each R₃ is independently H or C₁₋₁₀ alkyl;
 each Y is independently -O- or -S(O)₀₋₂-;
 15 n is 0 to 4; and
 each R present is independently selected from the group consisting of C₁₋₁₀
 alkyl, C₁₋₁₀ alkoxy, hydroxy, halogen and trifluoromethyl;
 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.
- 20 2. A compound or salt of claim 1 wherein R₁ is -alkyl-aryl.
3. A compound or salt of claim 1 wherein R₁ is -(CH₂)₀₋₃-phenyl.
- 25 4. A compound or salt of claim 1 wherein R₁ is -(CH₂)₀₋₃-substituted phenyl.
5. A compound or salt of claim 1 wherein X is -CH(alkyl)(alkyl)- wherein the alkyl
 groups can be the same or different.
- 30 6. A compound or salt of claim 1 wherein X is -CH₂-CH₂-.
7. A compound or salt of claim 1 wherein X is -CH(C₂H₅)(CH₂)-.

8. A compound or salt of claim 1 wherein R_2 is H.
9. A compound or salt of claim 1 wherein R_2 is alkyl.
10. A compound or salt of claim 1 wherein R_2 is -alkyl-O-alkyl.
11. A compound of the formula (II)



wherein X is $-\text{CHR}_3-$, $-\text{CHR}_3\text{-alkyl-}$, or $-\text{CHR}_3\text{-alkenyl-}$;

R_{10} is selected from the group consisting of:

- H;
- alkyl;
- alkenyl; and
- aryl;

R_2 is selected from the group consisting of:

- hydrogen;
- alkyl;
- alkenyl;
- aryl;
- heteroaryl;
- heterocyclyl;
- alkyl-Y-alkyl;
- alkyl-Y-alkenyl;
- alkyl-Y-aryl; and

-alkyl or alkenyl substituted by one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of:

-OH;
-halogen;
-N(R₃)₂;
-CO-N(R₃)₂;
-CO-C₁₋₁₀ alkyl;
-CO-O-C₁₋₁₀ alkyl;
-N₃;
-aryl;
-heteroaryl;
-heterocyclyl;
-CO-aryl; and
-CO-heteroaryl;

n is 0 to 4;

each Y is independently -O- or -S(O)₀₋₂-;

each R₃ is independently H or C₁₋₁₀ alkyl; and

each R present is independently selected from the group consisting of C₁₋₁₀ alkyl, C₁₋₁₀ alkoxy, hydroxy, halogen and trifluoromethyl;

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

12. A compound of claim 11 wherein R₁₀ is aryl.

13. A compound or salt of claim 11 wherein R₁₀ is -(CH₂)₀₋₃-phenyl.

14. A compound or salt of claim 11 wherein R₁₀ is -(CH₂)₀₋₃-substituted phenyl.

15. A compound or salt of claim 11 wherein X is -CH(alkyl)(alkyl)-, wherein the alkyl groups can be the same or different.

16. A compound or salt of claim 11 wherein X is -CH₂-CH₂-.

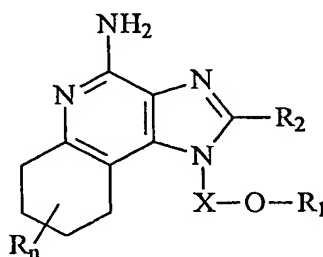
17. A compound or salt of claim 11 wherein X is $-\text{CH}(\text{C}_2\text{H}_5)(\text{CH}_2)-$.

18. A compound or salt of claim 11 wherein R_2 is H.

5 19. A compound or salt of claim 11 wherein R_2 is alkyl.

20. A compound or salt of claim 11 wherein R_2 is alkyl-O-alkyl.

21. A compound of the formula (III)



(III)

wherein: X is $-\text{CHR}_3-$, $-\text{CHR}_3$ -alkyl-, or $-\text{CHR}_3$ -alkenyl-;

R_1 is selected from the group consisting of:

- aryl;
- alkenyl; and
- R_4 -aryl;

R_2 is selected from the group consisting of:

- hydrogen;
- alkyl;
- alkenyl;
- aryl;
- heteroaryl;
- heterocyclyl;
- alkyl-Y-alkyl;
- alkyl-Y-aryl;
- alkyl-Y- alkenyl; and

- alkyl or alkenyl substituted by one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of:

-OH;
-halogen;
-N(R₃)₂;
-CO-N(R₃)₂;
-CO-C₁₋₁₀ alkyl;
-CO-O-C₁₋₁₀ alkyl;
-N₃;
-aryl;
-heteroaryl;
-heterocyclyl;
-CO-aryl; and
-CO-heteroaryl;

R₄ is alkyl or alkenyl, which may be interrupted by one or more

-O- groups;

each R₃ is independently H or C₁₋₁₀ alkyl;

each Y is independently -O- or -S(O)₀₋₂;

n is 0 to 4; and

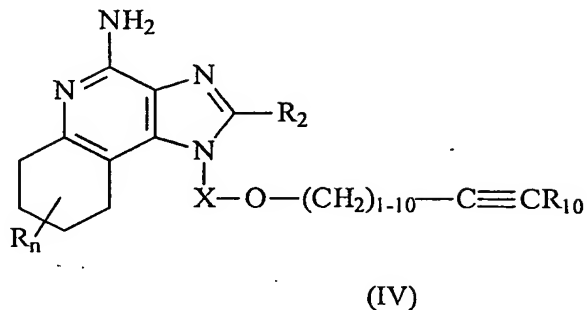
each R present is independently selected from the group consisting of C₁₋₁₀ alkyl, C₁₋₁₀ alkoxy, hydroxy, halogen and trifluoromethyl; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

22. A compound or salt of claim 21 wherein R₁ is -(CH₂)₀₋₃-substituted phenyl.

23. A compound or salt of claim 21 wherein R₂ is H or alkyl.

24. A compound or salt of claim 21 wherein R₂ is -alkyl-O-alkyl.

25. A compound of the formula (IV):



5 wherein: **X** is $-\text{CHR}_3-$, $-\text{CHR}_3\text{-alkyl-}$, or $-\text{CHR}_3\text{-alkenyl-}$;

R₁₀ is selected from the group consisting of:

- H;
- alkyl;
- alkenyl; and
- aryl;

R₂ is selected from the group consisting of:

- hydrogen;
- alkyl;
- alkenyl;
- aryl;
- heteroaryl;
- heterocyclyl;
- alkyl-Y-alkyl;
- alkyl-Y-aryl;
- alkyl-Y-alkenyl; and
- alkyl or alkenyl substituted by one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of:

- OH;
- halogen;
- N(R₃)₂;
- CO-N(R₃)₂;
- CO-C₁₋₁₀ alkyl;

-CO-O-C₁₋₁₀ alkyl;

-N₃;

-aryl;

-heteroaryl;

5

-heterocyclyl;

-CO-aryl; and

-CO-heteroaryl;

each R₃ is independently H or C₁₋₁₀ alkyl;

each Y is independently -O- or -S(O)₀₋₂;

10

n is 0 to 4; and

each R present is independently selected from the group consisting of C₁₋₁₀ alkyl, C₁₋₁₀ alkoxy, hydroxy, halogen and trifluoromethyl; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

15

26. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a therapeutically effective amount of a compound or salt of claim 1 and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

27. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a therapeutically effective amount of a compound or salt of claim 11 and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

20

28. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a therapeutically effective amount of a compound or salt of claim 21 and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

29. A method of inducing cytokine biosynthesis in an animal comprising administering a therapeutically effective amount of a compound or salt of claim 1 to the animal.

25

30. The method of claim 29 wherein the cytokine is IFN- α .

31. A method of inducing cytokine biosynthesis in an animal comprising administering a therapeutically effective amount of a compound or salt of claim 11 to the animal.

30

32. The method of claim 31 wherein the cytokine is IFN- α .

33. A method of treating a viral disease in an animal comprising administering a therapeutically effective amount of a compound or salt of claim 1 to the animal.

5 34. A method of treating a neoplastic disease in an animal comprising administering a therapeutically effective amount of a compound or salt of claim 1 to the animal.

35. A method of treating a viral disease in an animal comprising administering a therapeutically effective amount of a compound or salt of claim 11 to the animal.

10 36. A method of treating a neoplastic disease in an animal comprising administering a therapeutically effective amount of a compound or salt of claim 11 to the animal.

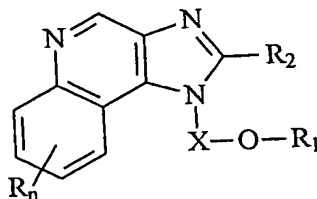
15 37. A method of inducing cytokine biosynthesis in an animal comprising administering a therapeutically effective amount of a compound or salt of claim 21 to the animal.

38. The method of claim 37 wherein the cytokine is IFN- α .

20 39. A method of treating a viral disease in an animal comprising administering a therapeutically effective amount of a compound or salt of claim 21 to the animal.

40. A method of treating a neoplastic disease in an animal comprising administering a therapeutically effective amount of a compound or salt of claim 21 to the animal.

25 41. A compound of the formula (V):

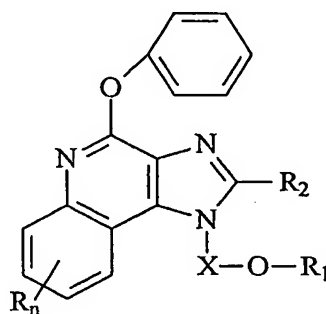


(V)

wherein X is $-\text{CHR}_3-$, $-\text{CHR}_3\text{-alkyl-}$, or $-\text{CHR}_3\text{-alkenyl-}$;
 R_1 is selected from the group consisting of:
 5 $-\text{aryl}$;
 $-\text{alkenyl}$;
 $-\text{R}_4\text{-aryl}$; and
 $-(\text{CH}_2)_{1-10}-\text{C}\equiv\text{C}-\text{R}_{10}$;
 R_2 is selected from the group consisting of:
 $-\text{hydrogen}$;
 $-\text{alkyl}$;
 10 $-\text{alkenyl}$;
 $-\text{aryl}$;
 $-\text{heteroaryl}$;
 $-\text{heterocyclyl}$;
 $-\text{alkyl-Y-alkyl}$;
 15 $-\text{alkyl-Y-alkenyl}$;
 $-\text{alkyl-Y-aryl}$; and
 $-\text{alkyl or alkenyl substituted by one or more substituents selected}$
 $\text{from the group consisting of:}$
 $-\text{OH}$;
 20 $-\text{halogen}$;
 $-\text{N}(\text{R}_3)_2$;
 $-\text{CO-N}(\text{R}_3)_2$;
 $-\text{CO-C}_{1-10}\text{ alkyl}$;
 $-\text{CO-O-C}_{1-10}\text{ alkyl}$;
 25 $-\text{N}_3$;
 $-\text{aryl}$;
 $-\text{heteroaryl}$;
 $-\text{heterocyclyl}$;
 $-\text{CO-aryl}$; and
 30 $-\text{CO-heteroaryl}$;
 R_4 is alkyl or alkenyl, which may be interrupted by one or more
 $-\text{O}-$ groups;

each R_3 is independently H or C_{1-10} alkyl;
 R_{10} is selected from the group consisting of H, alkyl, alkenyl and aryl;
each Y is independently $-O-$ or $-S(O)_{0-2}-$;
n is 0 to 4; and
5 each R present is independently selected from the group consisting of C_{1-10} alkyl, C_{1-10} alkoxy, hydroxy, halogen and trifluoromethyl;
or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

42. A compound of the formula (VI):



(VI)

wherein X is $-\text{CHR}_3-$, $-\text{CHR}_3\text{-alkyl-}$, or $-\text{CHR}_3\text{-alkenyl-}$;

R_1 is selected from the group consisting of:

- aryl;
- alkenyl;
- $-\text{R}_4\text{-aryl}$; and
- $-(\text{CH}_2)_{1-10}-\text{C}\equiv\text{C}-\text{R}_{10}$;

R_2 is selected from the group consisting of:

- hydrogen;
- alkyl;
- alkenyl;
- aryl;
- heteroaryl;
- heterocyclyl;
- alkyl-Y-alkyl;

-alkyl-Y-alkenyl;
-alkyl-Y-aryl; and
-alkyl or alkenyl substituted by one or more substituents selected
from the group consisting of:

5 -OH;
 -halogen;
 -N(R₃)₂;
 -CO-N(R₃)₂;
 -CO-C₁₋₁₀ alkyl;
10 -CO-O-C₁₋₁₀ alkyl;
 -N₃;
 -aryl;
 -heteroaryl;
 -heterocyclyl;
15 -CO-aryl; and
 -CO-heteroaryl;

R₄ is alkyl or alkenyl, which may be interrupted by one or more
-O- groups;

each R₃ is independently H or C₁₋₁₀ alkyl;

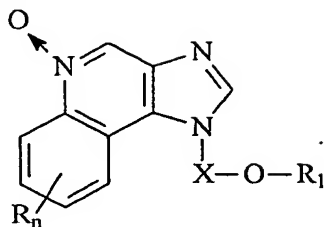
20 R₁₀ is selected from the group consisting of H, alkyl, alkenyl and aryl;
 each Y is independently -O- or -S(O)₀₋₂;

n is 0 to 4; and

each R present is independently selected from the group consisting of C₁₋₁₀
alkyl, C₁₋₁₀ alkoxy, hydroxy, halogen and trifluoromethyl;

25 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

43. A compound of the formula (VII):



(VII)

5 wherein: **X** is $-\text{CHR}_3-$, $-\text{CHR}_3\text{-alkyl-}$, or $-\text{CHR}_3\text{-alkenyl-}$;

R₁ is selected from the group consisting of:

-aryl;

-alkenyl;

-**R₄**-aryl; and

10 $-(\text{CH}_2)_{1-10}-\text{C}\equiv\text{C}-\text{R}_{10}$;

R₄ is alkyl or alkenyl, which may be interrupted by one or more

$-\text{O}-$ groups;

each **R₃** is independently H or C_{1-10} alkyl;

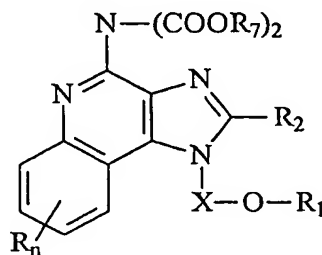
R₁₀ is selected from the group consisting of H, alkyl, alkenyl and aryl;

15 **n** is 0 to 4; and

each **R** present is independently selected from the group consisting of C_{1-10} alkyl, C_{1-10} alkoxy, hydroxy, halogen and trifluoromethyl;

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

20 44. A compound of the formula (VIII):



(VIII)

wherein: **X** is $-\text{CHR}_3-$, $-\text{CHR}_3\text{-alkyl-}$, or $-\text{CHR}_3\text{-alkenyl-}$;

R₁ is selected from the group consisting of:

- aryl;
- 5 -alkenyl;
- R₄-aryl; and
- $(\text{CH}_2)_{1-10}-\text{C}\equiv\text{C}-\text{R}_{10}$;

R₂ is selected from the group consisting of:

- hydrogen;
- 10 -alkyl;
- alkenyl;
- aryl;
- heteroaryl;
- heterocyclyl;
- 15 -alkyl-Y-alkyl;
- alkyl-Y-alkenyl;
- alkyl-Y-aryl; and
- alkyl or alkenyl substituted by one or more substituents selected
- from the group consisting of:
- 20 -OH;
- halogen;
- N(R₃)₂;
- CO-N(R₃)₂;
- CO-C₁₋₁₀ alkyl;
- 25 -CO-O-C₁₋₁₀ alkyl;
- N₃;
- aryl;
- heteroaryl;
- heterocyclyl;
- 30 -CO-aryl; and
- CO-heteroaryl;

R_4 is alkyl or alkenyl, which may be interrupted by one or more

$-O-$ groups;

each R_3 is independently H or C_{1-10} alkyl;

R_{10} is selected from the group consisting of H, alkyl, alkenyl and aryl;

each Y is independently $-O-$ or $-S(O)_{0-2}-$;

n is 0 to 4;

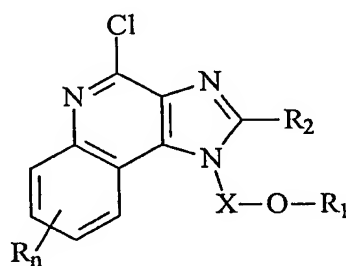
each R present is independently selected from the group consisting of C_{1-10}

alkyl, C_{1-10} alkoxy, hydroxy, halogen and trifluoromethyl; and

R_7 is *tert*-butyl or benzyl;

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

45. A compound of the formula (IX)



(IX)

wherein: X is $-CHR_3-$, $-CHR_3$ -alkyl-, or $-CHR_3$ -alkenyl-;

R_1 is selected from the group consisting of:

-aryl;

-alkenyl;

$-R_4$ -aryl; and

$-(CH_2)_{1-10}-C\equiv CH$;

R_2 is selected from the group consisting of:

-hydrogen;

-alkyl;

-alkenyl;

-aryl;

-heteroaryl;
-heterocyclyl;
-alkyl-Y-alkyl;
-alkyl-Y-alkenyl;
5 -alkyl-Y-aryl; and
-alkyl or alkenyl substituted by one or more substituents selected
from the group consisting of:
-OH;
-halogen;
10 -N(R₃)₂;
-CO-N(R₃)₂;
-CO-C₁₋₁₀ alkyl;
-CO-O-C₁₋₁₀ alkyl;
-N₃;
15 -aryl;
-heteroaryl;
-heterocyclyl;
-CO-aryl; and
-CO-heteroaryl;
20

R₄ is alkyl or alkenyl, which may be interrupted by one or more
-O- groups;
each R₃ is independently H or C₁₋₁₀ alkyl;
each Y is independently -O- or -S(O)₀₋₂;
25 n is 0 to 4; and
each R present is independently selected from the group consisting of C₁₋₁₀
alkyl, C₁₋₁₀ alkoxy, hydroxy, halogen and trifluoromethyl;
or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

30